## Session 7 Cheat Sheet: Care Planning Strategies with the Patient

	Strategies	Clinic Examples	Benefit to the provider
1. EXPLICITLY MAKE A COMMITMENT TO ONGOING CARE	<ul> <li>RENEW YOUR VOWS</li> <li>Concretize your relationship with the patient and family</li> <li>Explain your responsibilities (roles)         <ul> <li>Whatever happens, good or bad, I'm going to be there for you.</li> <li>We're in this together. I'm going to help you and your family along this entire journey.</li> <li>As your primary care provider, this is what my role in this journey is</li> <li>You're going to seeing a specialist, but it's important I stay involved.</li> <li>A one-time conversation about this is not enough. Let's make regular appointments. Is this ok?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicate: Have regular two-way communication between GP and patient and home care providers! and caregivers!</li> <li>Find these patients early makes this easier!</li> <li>Get the patient and family on board</li> <li>Invite them into the ongoing conversation.</li> <li>Identify the SDM and relevant caregiver(s) and get permission to share medical info</li> <li>Other things to discuss over time:</li> <li>Have an approach to discussing MAID</li> <li>Discuss what happens after patient dies</li> <li>How you will follow family into bereavement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Help shape future communication channels</li> <li>Develop shared trust</li> <li>Help elicit care goals</li> <li>Encourage longitudinal conversations</li> </ul>
2. SHIFT TO PROACTIVE CARE PRACTICES	<ul> <li>MAINTAIN CONTACT &amp; TRACK CARE PLANNING</li> <li>Book appointments regularly (check-ins)</li> <li>Longer appointments, first and last</li> <li>Offer telephone support</li> <li>Explain availability to respond during health fluctuations (e.g. on-call services)</li> <li>Schedule home visits</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Schedule follow-up/regular check-ins (registry)</li> <li>Plan to make home visits if needed</li> <li>Allow time for patients to express emotions</li> <li>Know the supports available:</li> <li>Caregiver support groups, financial benefits, and options for private/assistance</li> <li>Create action plans for common situations:</li> <li>Expected death in the home, expected complications near EOL</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase in communication</li> <li>Maintain relational commitment</li> <li>Ensure that patient/family agenda is met</li> </ul>
3. BROADEN THE HEALTH CARE TEAM	<ul> <li>ENGAGE -OLOGISTS, FAMILY! &amp; OTHER LOCAL RESOURCES (home care)</li> <li>Engage interdisciplinary supports within the practice</li> <li>Connect with specialists involved</li> <li>Engage community &amp; home care support</li> <li>Leverage informal caregivers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Easily accessible contact info of key resources         <ul> <li>case coordinator #, home oxygen #,</li> <li>PC specialist resources for consultation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Develop rapport with local specialist resources         <ul> <li>Hospices, specialists, hospitals, etc.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Get CME on common meds like opioids</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Connect with additional supports from community (additional eyes and ears)</li> <li>Connect with specialists to prevent getting lost to vortex</li> <li>Identify 'informal team' and a consistent team</li> <li>Caregivers are part of 'unit of care'</li> </ul>

